

# The Potential Effect of Climate Change on Stormwater Treatment

M. Murdock & M. Groves



Proudly brought to you by Water New Zealand



15-17 May | Tākina Wellington Te Whanganui-a-Tara





Proudly brought to you by Water New Zealand

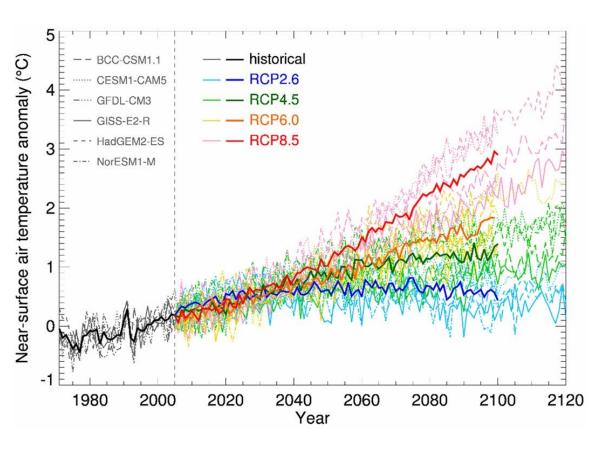
Størmwater 2024

15–17 May | Tākina Wellington Te Whanganui-a-Tara

## WE HAVE ATTEMPTED TO ANSWER THIS QUESTION BY USING:

1 Observed Data

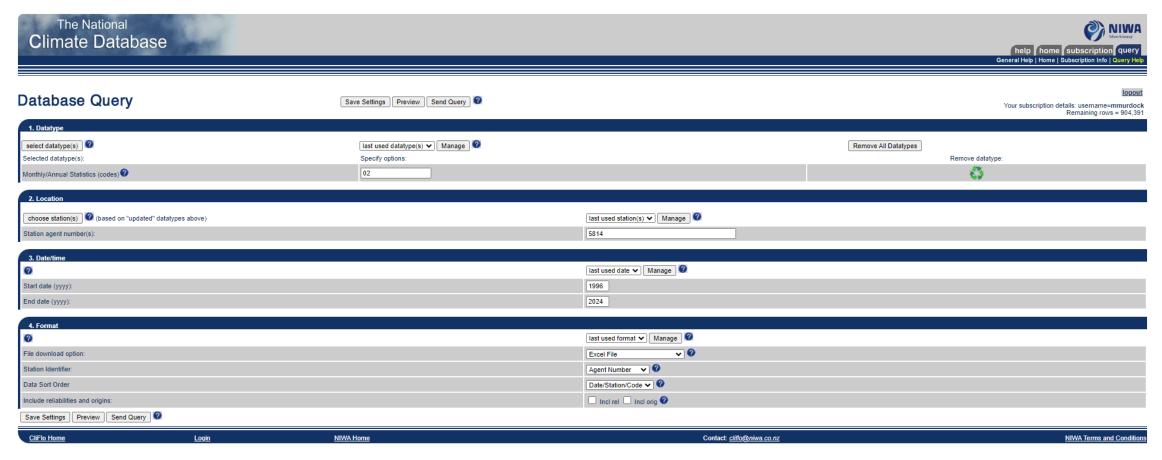
2 Climate Model Projections







### NIWA CLIFLO (OBSERVED DATA)



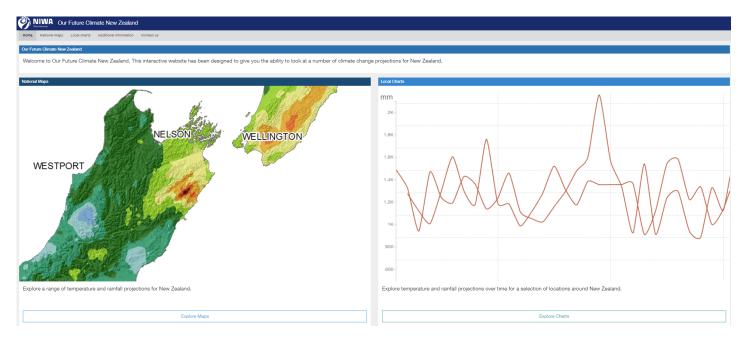


Proudly brought to you by Water New Zealand

Størmwater 2024

15–17 May | Takina Wellington Te Whanganui-a-Tara

## NIWA 'OUR FUTURE CLIMATE NEW ZEALAND' (CLIMATE MODEL PROJECTIONS)



- Interactive Website
- 6 Global Climate Models
- 4 Relative Concentration Pathways (RCPs)







#### **EIGHT LOCATIONS**

1 Whangārei

5 Christchurch/Ōtautahi

- 2 Auckland/Tāmaki Makaurau
- 6 Queenstown/Tāhuna
- 3 Wellington/Te Whanganui-a-Tara
- 7 Dunedin/Ōtepoti

4 Westport/Kawatiri

8 Invercargill/Waihōpa

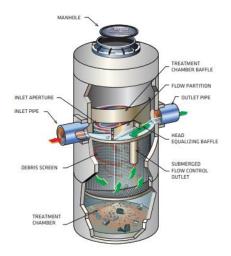




#### STORMWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM SIZING



Hoon Hay Basin (Volume Based)



Proprietary Gross Pollutant Trap (Flow Based)

Designed to treat the 'first flush'

- Volume-based systems:
  - Rainfall depth (mm) to calculate a WQV
- Flow-based systems:
  - Rainfall Intensity (mm/hr) to calculate a WQF

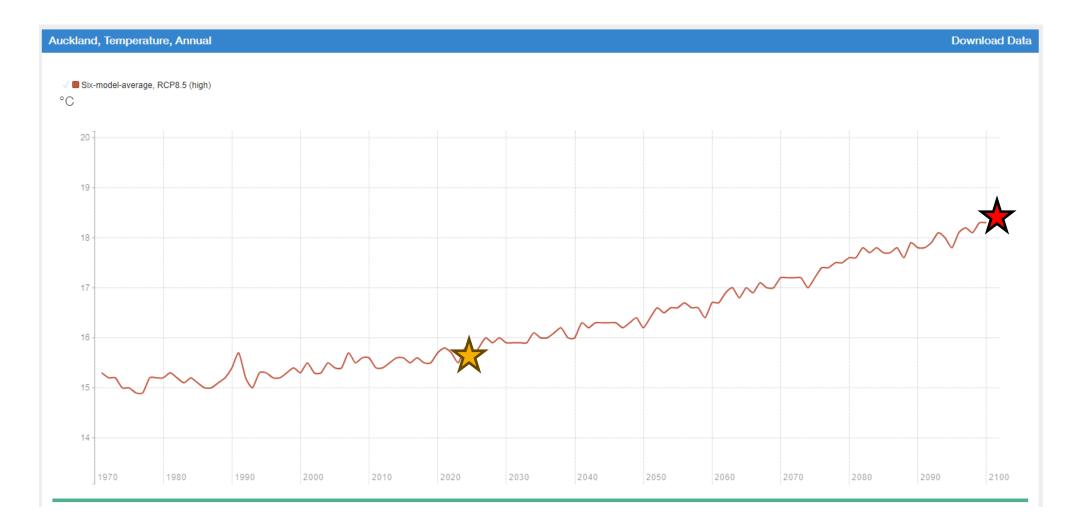




### WHAT ARE THE PREDICTED CONSEQUENCES OF CLIMATE CHANGE?

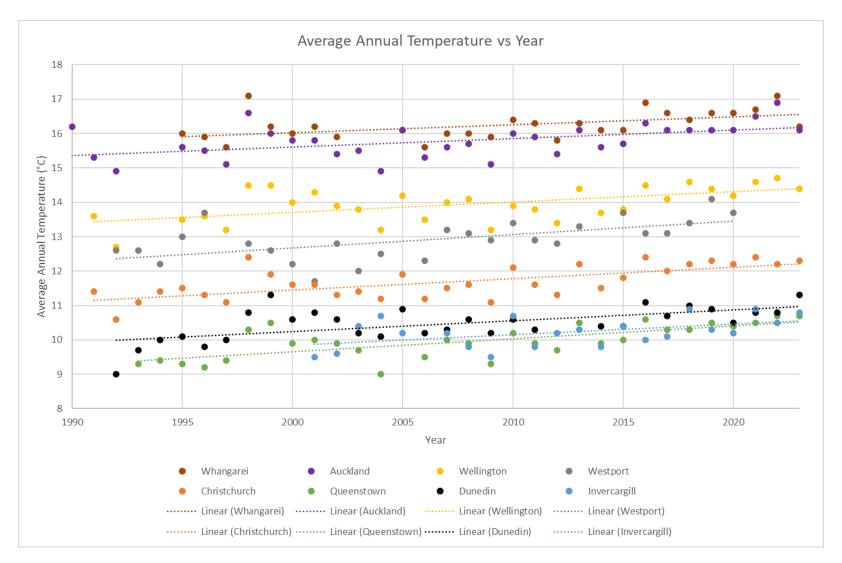














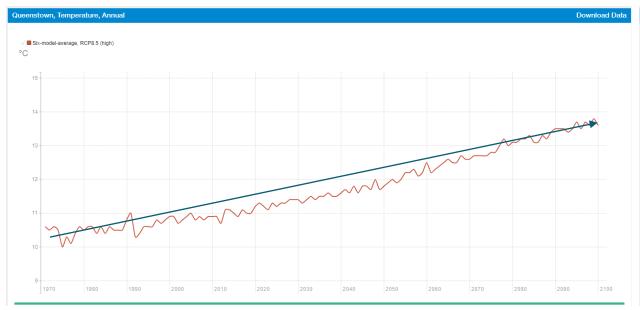


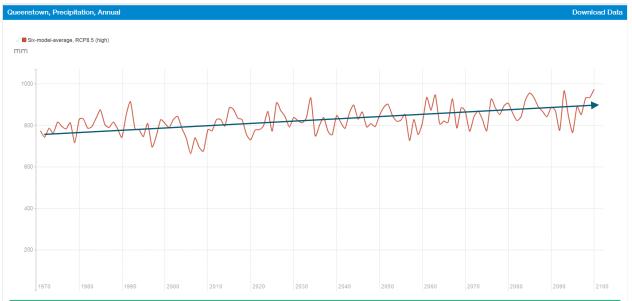
### HOW MIGHT THIS AFFECT THE WAY WE SIZE STORMWATER TREATMENT SYSTEMS?





## AVERAGE ANNUAL TEMPERATURE AND ANNUAL RAINFALL



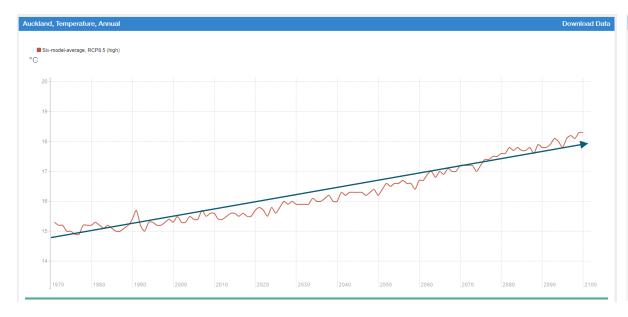


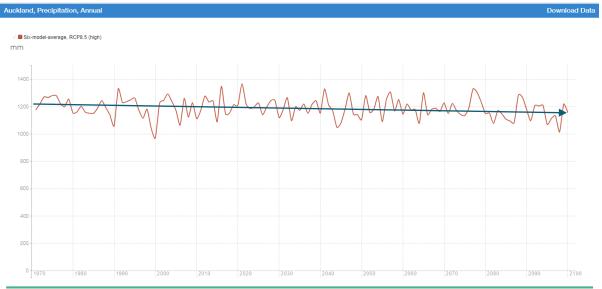




15–17 May | Tākina Wellington Te Whanganui-a-Tara

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TEMPERATURE AND ANNUAL RAINFALL

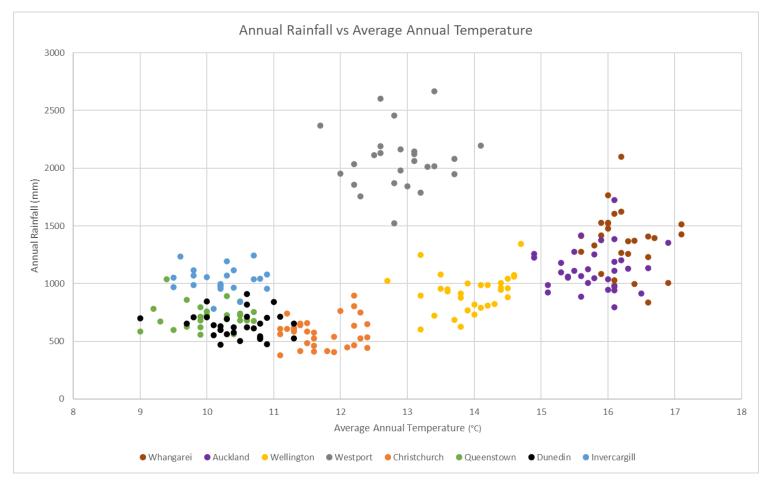








### THERE IS NO OBSERVED CORRELATION BETWEEN ANNUAL RAINFALL AND AVERAGE ANNUAL TEMPERATURE







#### OTHER POSSIBLE CORRELATIONS

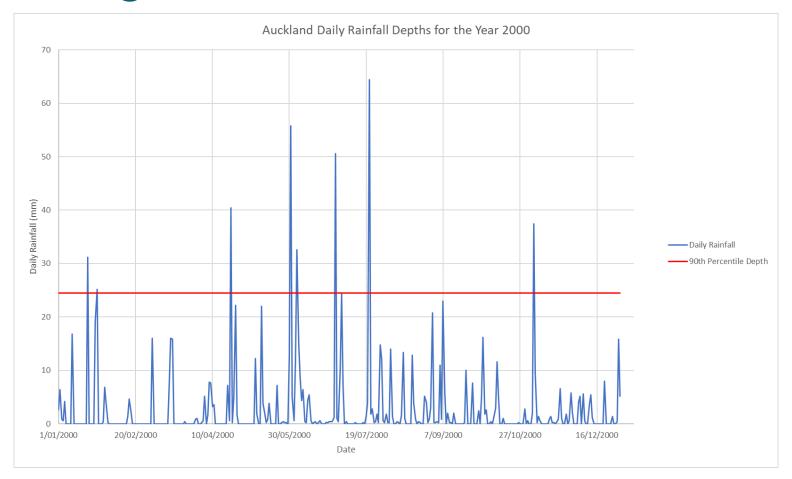
Is there a correlation between:

- Water quality rainfall depth and annual rainfall?
- Water quality rainfall intensity and annual rainfall?





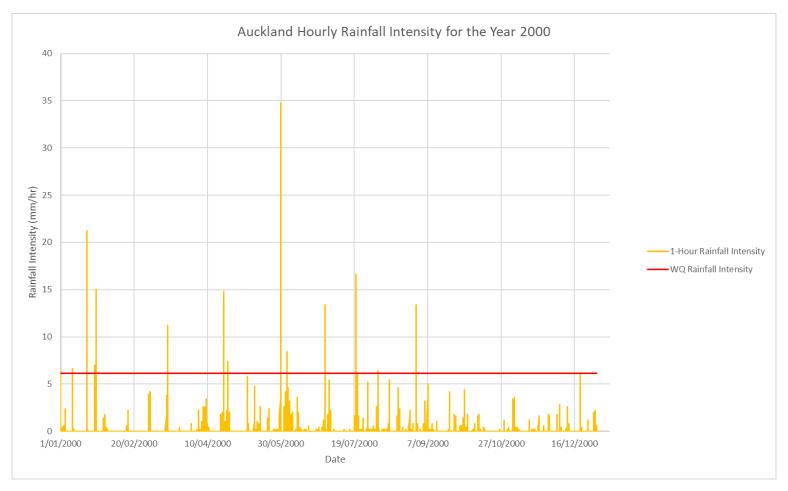
#### WATER QUALITY RAINFALL DEPTH





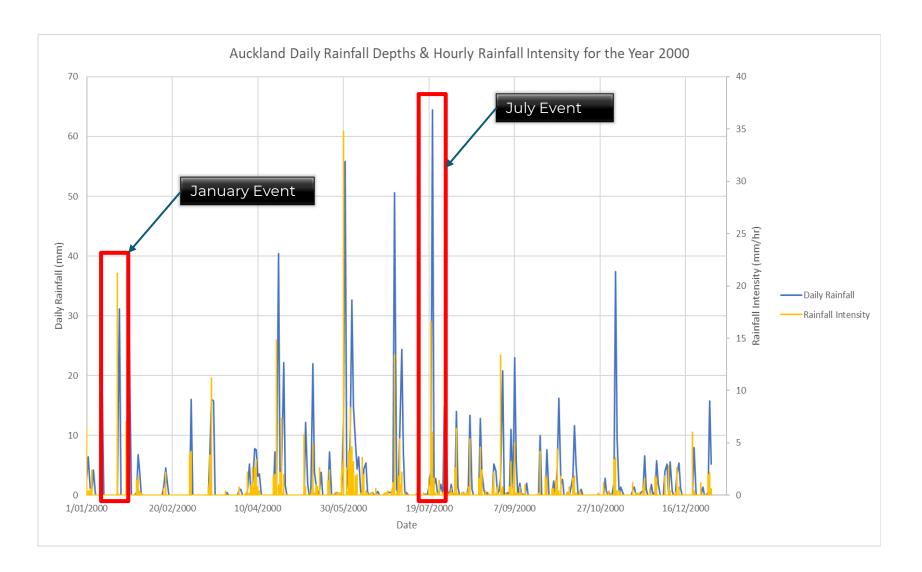


#### WATER QUALITY RAINFALL INTENSITY













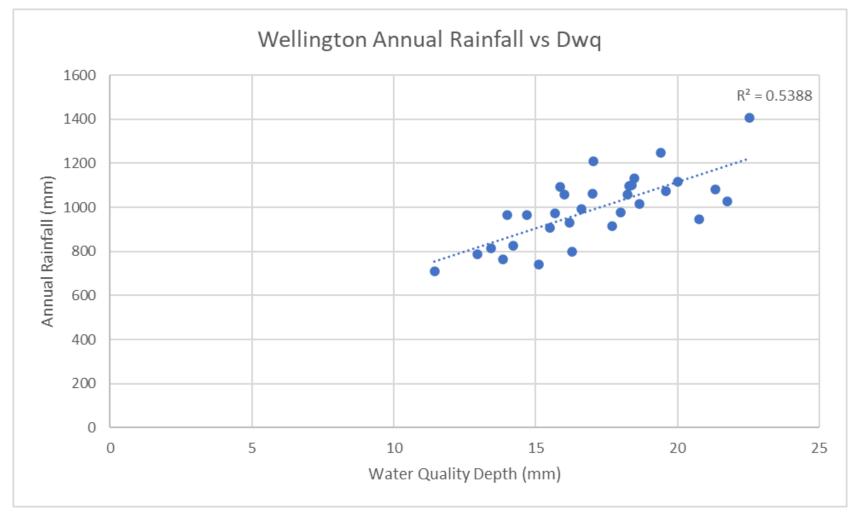
### ANNUAL RAINFALL vs WATER QUALITY RAINFALL DEPTH

Statistically Significant Relationship?

	Auckland	Christchurch	Dunedin	Invercargill	Queenstown	Westport	Whangārei	Wellington
AR vs D <sub>wQ</sub>	YES	YES	YES	NO	YES	YES	YES	YES



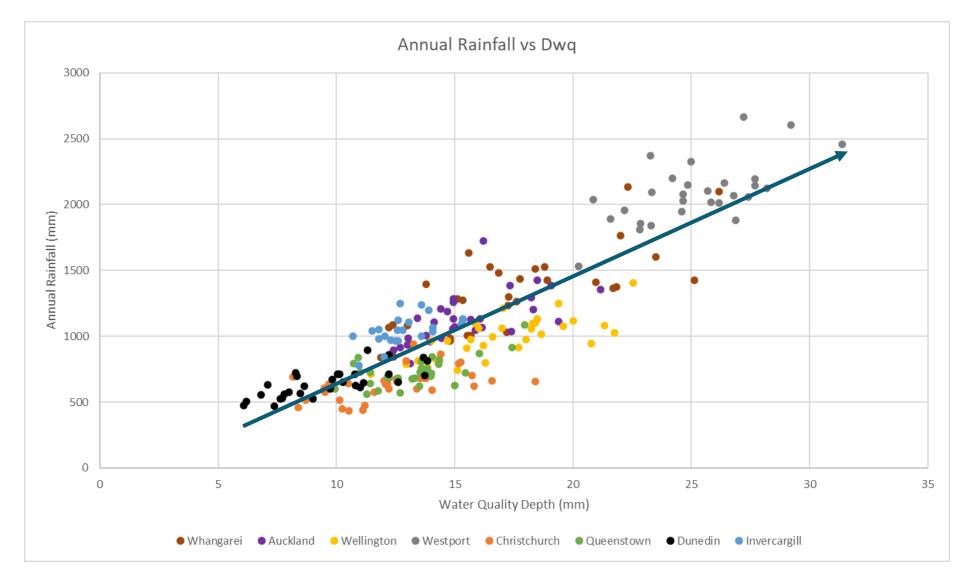




P-value 0.0016







There is likely a correlation between annual rainfall and water quality rainfall depth





### ANNUAL RAINFALL vs WATER QUALITY RAINFALL INTENSITY

Statistically Significant Relationship?

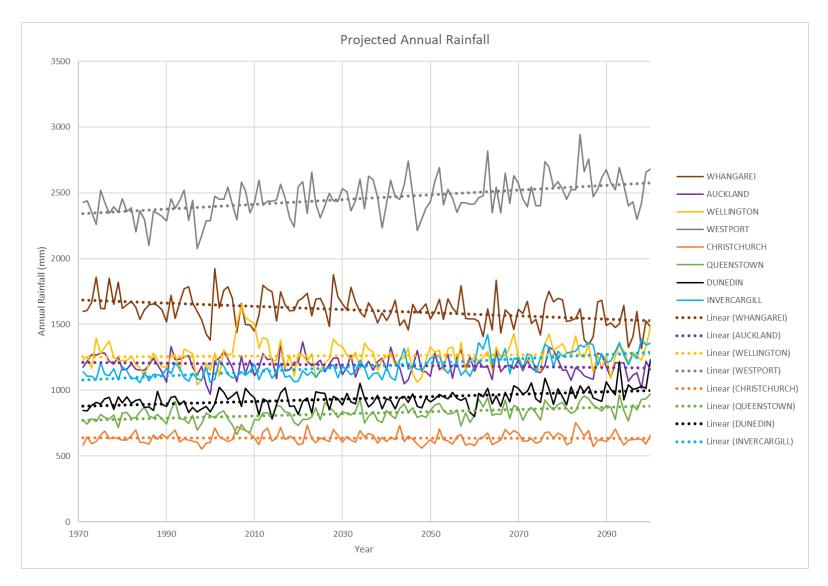
	Auckland	Christchurch	Dunedin	Invercargill	Queenstown	Westport	Whangārei	Wellington
AR vs I <sub>wQ</sub>	YES	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO

Generally not well correlated



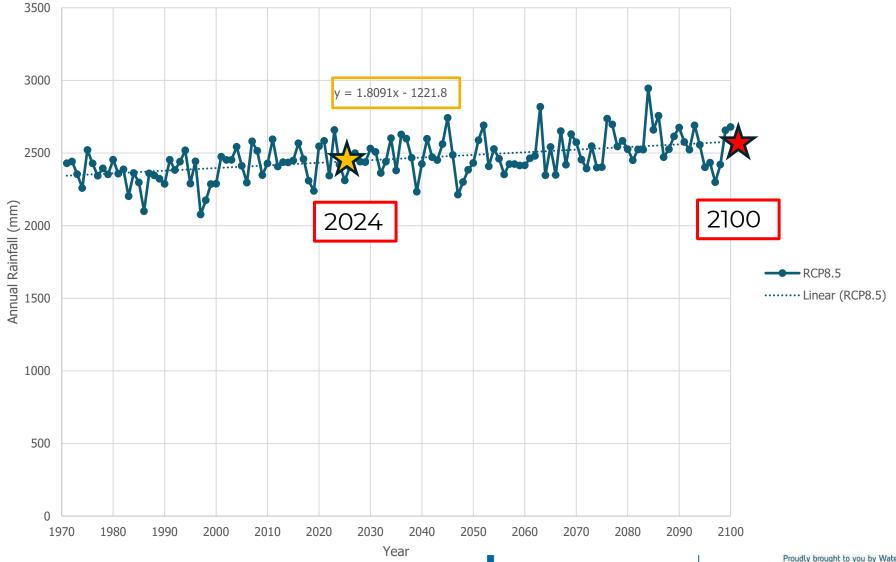


#### **ANNUAL RAINFALL PROJECTIONS**





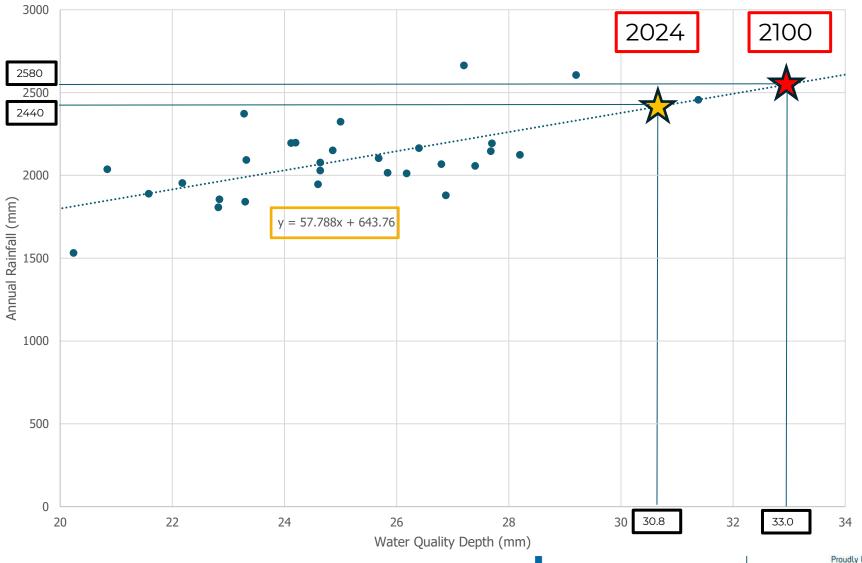
#### Westport Projected Annual Rainfall







#### Westport Annual Rainfall vs WQD







Location	Projected change in annual rainfall (mm)			Estimated change in D <sub>wQ</sub> (mm)			
	2024	2100	% change	2024	2100	% change	
Auckland	1193	1168	-2.1%	16.7	16.2	-2.7%	
Christchurch	637	637	0.0%	12.4	12.4	-0.1%	
Dunedin	927	997	7.5%	17.5	19.4	9.8%	
Queenstown	816	880	7.9%	15.5	17.3	10.2%	
Westport	2440	2577	5.6%	30.8	33.0	6.6%	
Invercargill*	1164	1286	10.5%	-	-	-	
Whangarei	1620	1528	-5.7%	22.1	20.6	-7.1%	
Wellington	1261	1271	0.8%	23.4	23.6	1.0%	

<sup>\*</sup> No estimation for  $D_{WQ}$  provided as the relationship between annual  $D_{WQ}$  and annual rainfall for Invercargill was not considered statistically significant based on the dataset analysed (p-value 0.13)





#### **SUMMARY**

- No observed relationship between annual rainfall and mean average temperature
- Water quality rainfall intensity and annual rainfall are generally not well correlated
- Likely a relationship between the water quality depth and annual rainfall
- For the locations assessed, based on RCP 8.5 projections, there is an estimated change of water quality depth of -7% to +10% from 2024 to 2100





#### **KEY MESSAGES**

- In locations where annual rainfall is predicted to increase, prudency, e.g., providing additional space for future enlargement, is advised for now
- A similar assessment should be repeated in line with the release of a new IPCC assessment report
- Ideally all stakeholders involved in stormwater management would be aware of the predicted changes to annual rainfall





### **CONSEQUENCES?**

- Treatment outcomes impacted
- More frequent maintenance
- Additional size? Additional space? Budget?

#### WHO IS MOST IMPACTED?

- Regulators maintaining treatment outcomes
- Asset Owners and Managers long term performance and costs









Proudly brought to you by Water New Zealand



15-17 May | Tākina Wellington Te Whanganui-a-Tara