

OPPORTUNITIES FROM A HOLISTIC NATIONAL VIEW OF STORMWATER ASSETS AND FUNCTIONS

Seeing the Unseen

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Stormwater 2024

15—17 May | Takina Wellington Te Whanganui-a-Tara

Once upon a time



Version as at 17 February 2024



Water Services Entities Act 2022

Public Act 2022 No 77
Date of assent 14 December 2022
Commencement see section 2

Water Services Entities Act 2022: repealed, on 17 February 2024, by section 8 of the Water Services Acts Repeal Act 2024 (2024 No 2).

Note

The Parliamentary Counsel Office has made editorial and format changes to this version using the powers under subpart 2 of Part 3 of the Legislation Act 2019

Note 4 at the end of this version provides a list of the amendments included in it.

This Act is administered by the Department of Internal Affairs.

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- Provisions on Te Tiriti o Waitangi/the Treaty of Waitangi
- 6 Interpretation
- 6A Act applies to water services entity, and its service area, only on and after that entity's establishment date





The stormwater asset data story

- 2022-2023: New policy framework for three waters
 - 4, then 10 Entities to manage 3 waters, including stormwater
 - Not all stormwater assets & functions to be transferred
 - Roading drainage assets to remain
 - Mixed use assets to remain
 - Land to remain
 - Watercourses and overland flow?
- Geospatial and asset data provided to NTU for centralised/standardised data system
- Project developed to sort stormwater data for each council (66)





A lot of people did a lot of work



Activities		Total		
### ###### #######	People in the team	56		
>>>>	Steps in the process 23			
	Councils completed	65		
	Total steps completed 1,840			
	Days on the project	135		
	Hours spent	6,984.75		
	Drop-in sessions & SME review meetings	96		

Nek Minute...



Version as at 17 February 2024



Water Services Entities Act 202

The Parliamentary Counsel Office has a

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Commencement

Part 1 Preliminary provisions

- Te Tiriti o Waitangi/the Treaty of Waitangi and Te Mana o Te Wai
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The New Zealand Water & Wastes Association Waiora Aotearoa

What has emerged from the fire?









A lot of learnings

- Data standardisation opens a whole lot of doors
 - Data aggregation
 - Benchmarking
 - Linking datasets
 - Having joined-up conversations
- Stormwater asset management is collaborative and needs to be flexible
- Stormwater treatment needs to seize opportunities
- Stormwater planning is collaborative





Data Standardisation opens doors





Asset Class	Asset Type	Number of assets	Examples of asset types in category
Chambers and Manholes	Catchpit/Sump	13,129	Cara colore at a secondar and caracter
	Chamber	183,840	Core urban stormwater network assets
	Catchpit/Sump	123,751	Stormwater assets in rural areas or roads, or owned by other parties
	Chamber	4,528	
Control Structures	Basin	138	
	Bund	21	
	Dam Wall	3	
	Erosion Control	462	Structures and control features critical to the stormwater network.
	Inlet	4,496	
	Outlet	14,157	
	Spillway	11	
	Wall	34	
	Basin	164	
	Bund	31	
	Dam Wall	7	
		•	Standard Control Contr
	Erosion Control		Structures and control features owned by other parties or in rural areas
	Inlet	589	
	Outlet	1,219	
	Spillway	28	
	Wall	5	
Land	Vegetation/Planting	48	Planting associated with primary stormwater treatment facilities
	Vegetation/Planting	26	Owned by other parties or in rural areas
	vegetation/i lanting		Owned by other parties of initial areas
Pipes and Conduits	Culvert	1,277	
	Main	252,311	Core urban stormwater assets
	Service Line	155,199	
	Culvert	10.557	
		10,567	Stormwater assets in rural areas or roads, or owned by other parties
	Main	44,100	
	Service Line	78,483	
Site Services	Fence	50	Fencing associated with primary stormwater treatment facilities
	-		
	Fence	37	Owned by other parties or in rural areas
Treatment Devices	Tourism Davis	6 507	Primary stormwater treatment devices
Treatment Devices	Treatment Device	0,557	Triniary Storinwater deadlicht devices

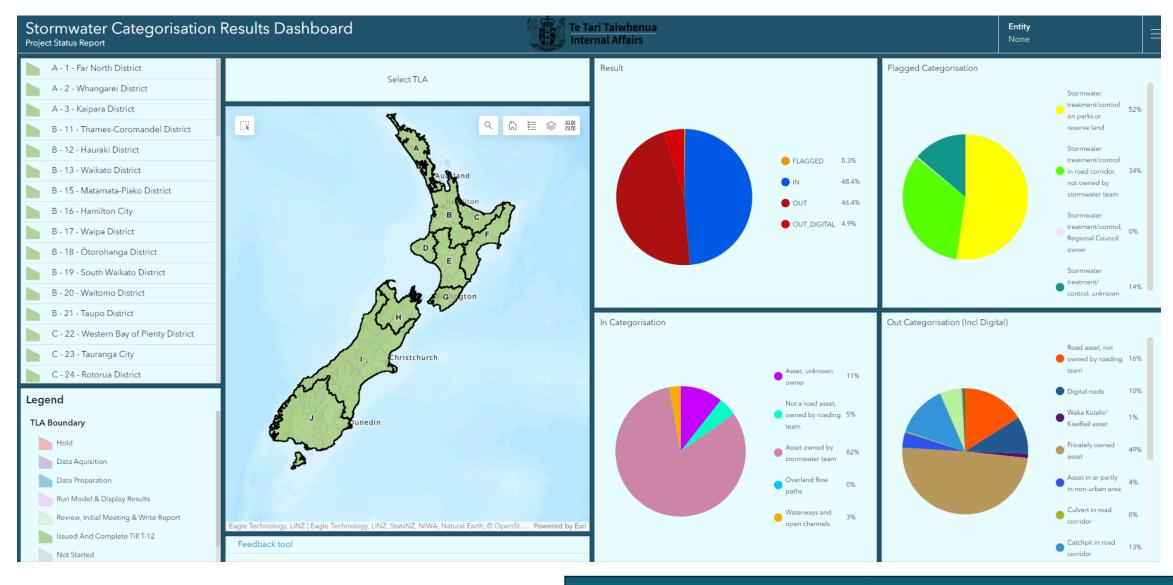
Statistics – what did we discover?

When all of the asset data for the country is put into the same 16 categories, we can start to analyse it



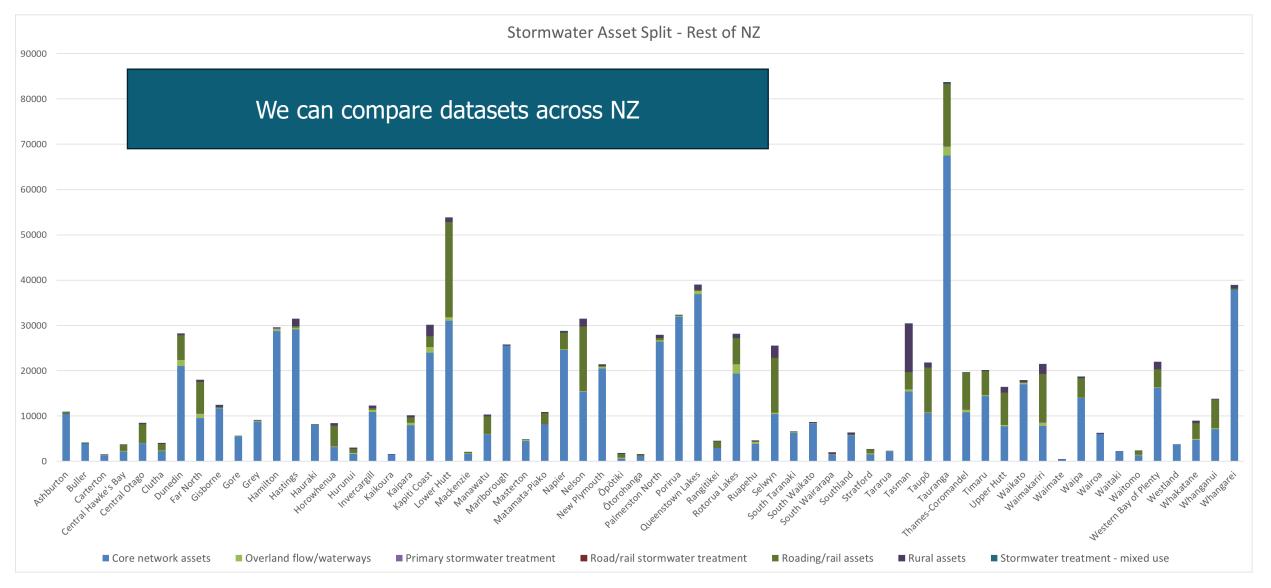






Aggregated data: a national overview of results

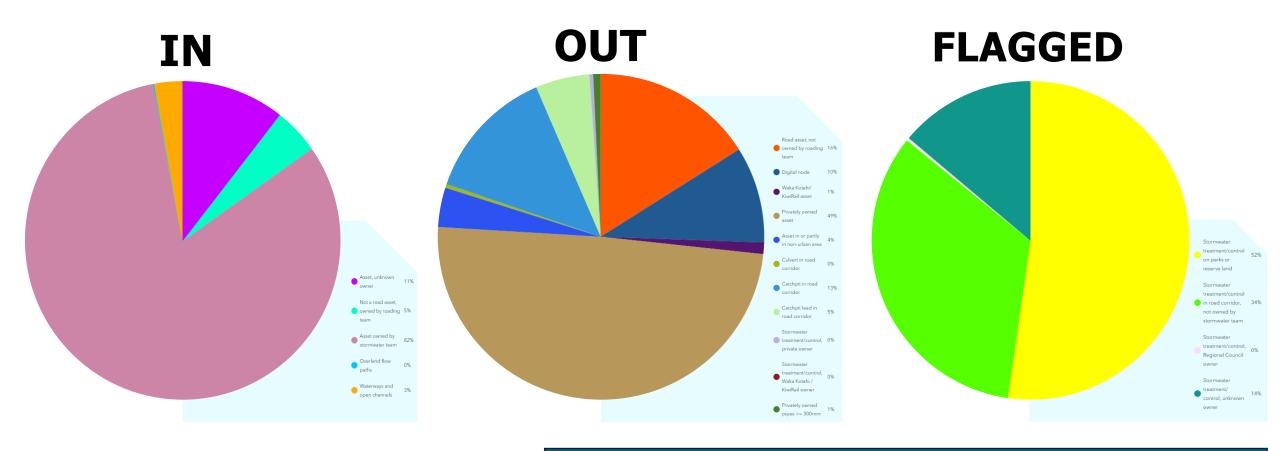
Dashboards make it easy to get around and share analysis



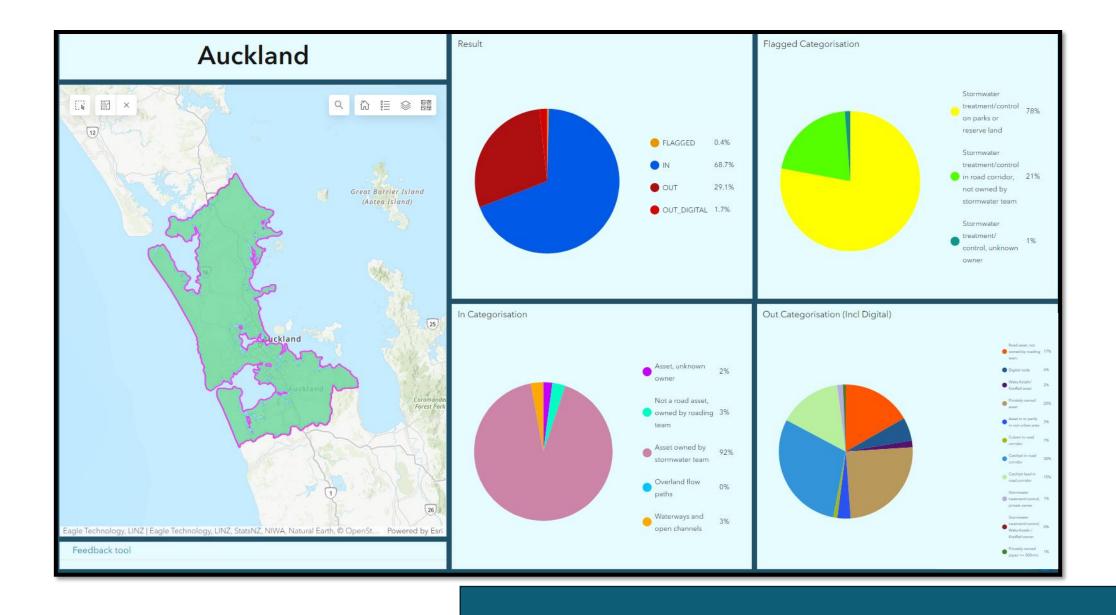


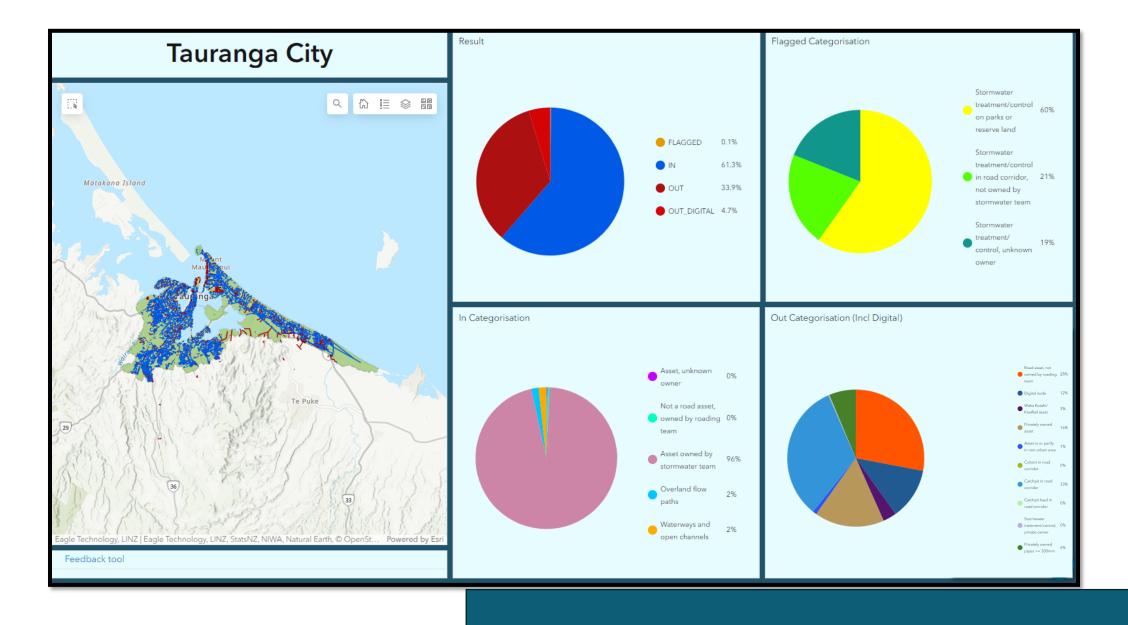


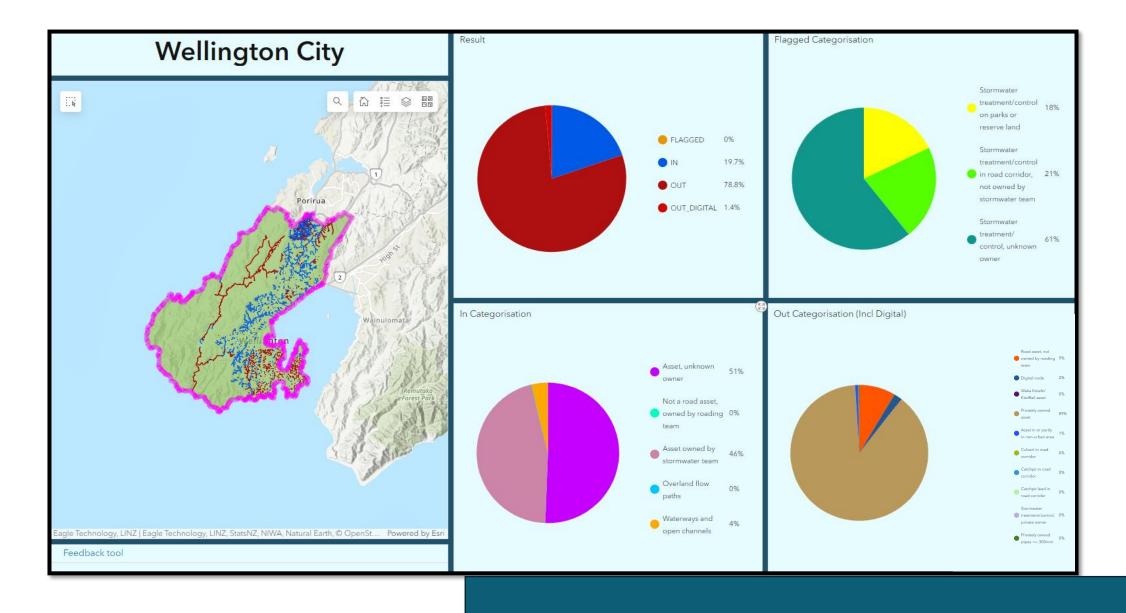
What was in and what was out?

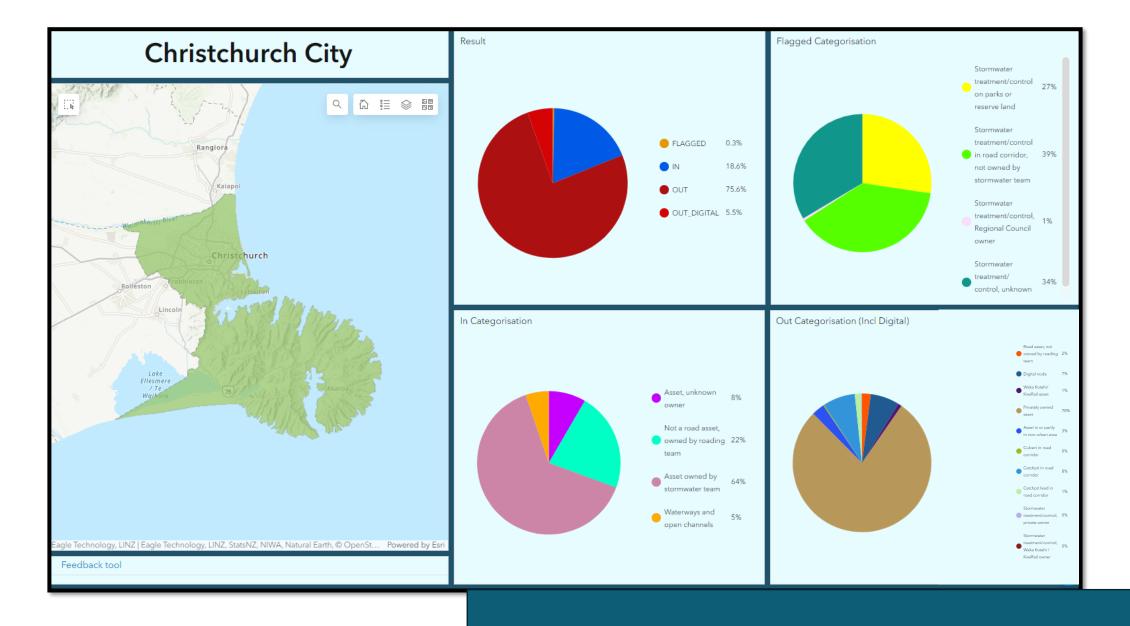


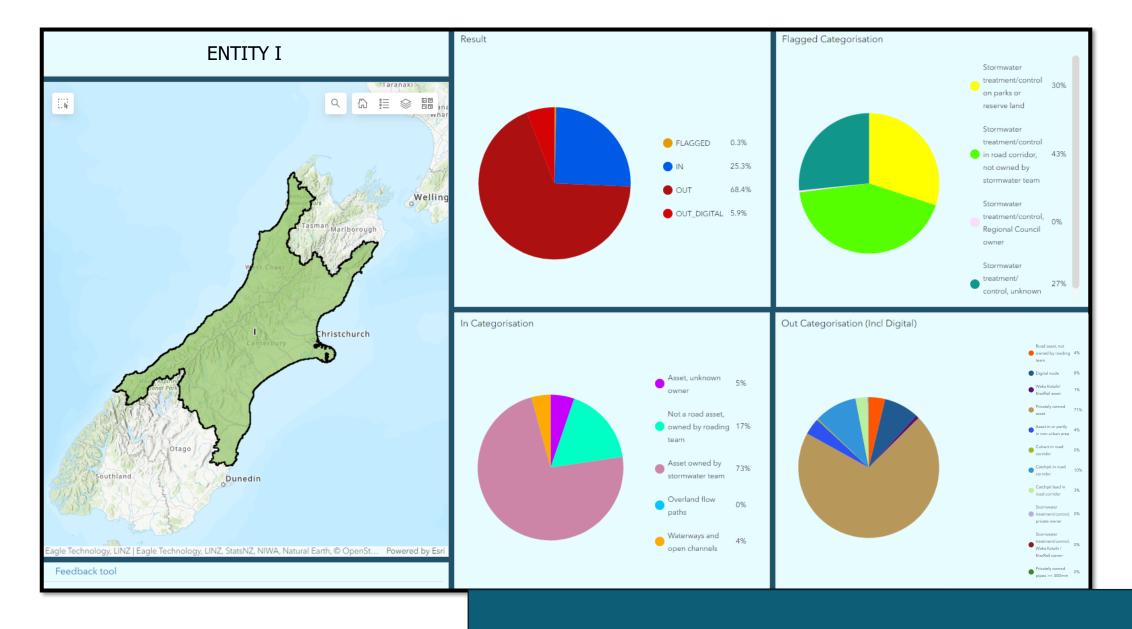
Sorting the data is easy





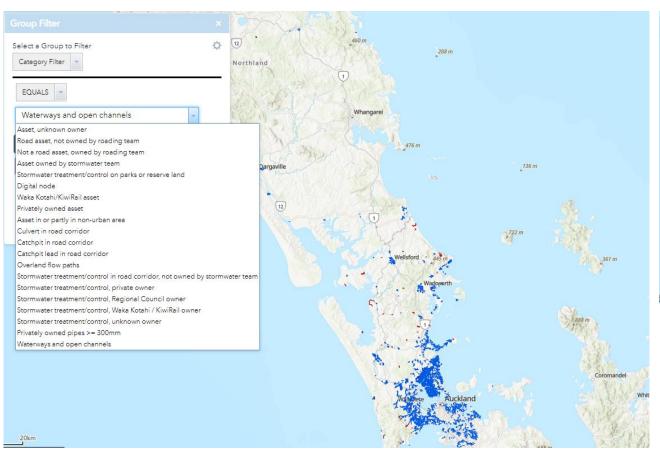


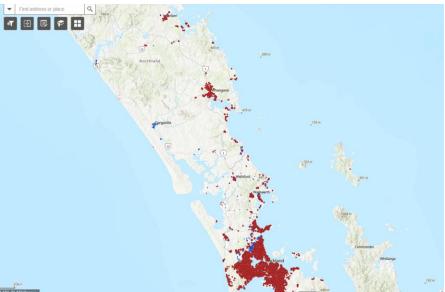




Aggregation can happen at any scale

Looking at more that one council at a time





Finer details can be explored

Asset Management is Collaborative





Urban Waterways

(and overland flow-paths?)





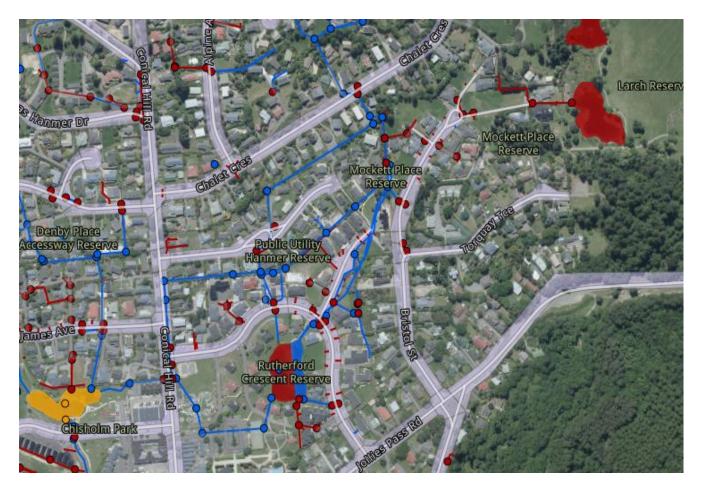


Stormwater treatment needs to seize opportunities





Mixed use assets







Private assets







'Pseudo-private' assets





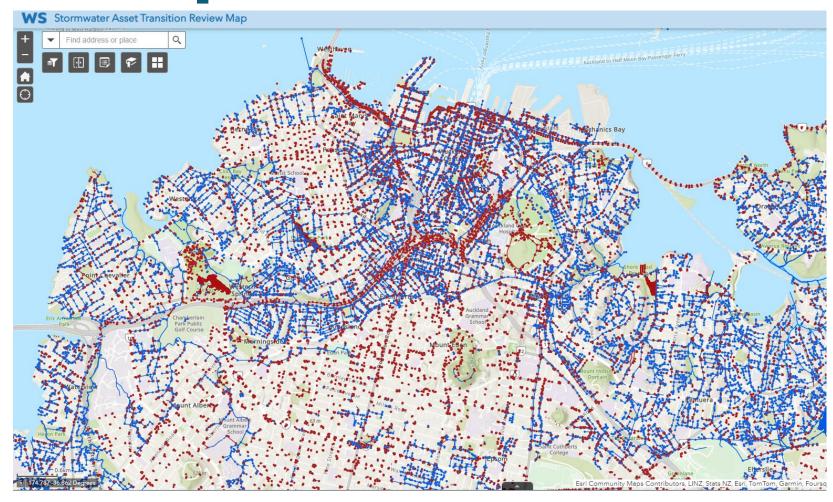


Stormwater planning is collaborative





Transport Assets







Conclusions

- Data standardisation is essential
- Stormwater management requires a flexibility and collaboration
- Stormwater treatment has occurred due to opportunity
- Stormwater management requires integrated catchment planning





Where is the data now?

- Available to councils via DIA
- Being handed across to Taumata Arowai





Thanks to

- The people in the now dis-established National Transition Unit within the Department of Internal Affairs. Tight timeframes and an enormous task were met with dedication and hard work.
- Council staff who were already very busy brought their expert skills and institutional knowledge to the table, providing data and supporting the project on top of their day jobs, during a stressful time of change.
- The multi-organisation consortia team and Entity Leads worked together collaboratively, leaving their affiliations at the door to achieve the best outcome for the project. Ngā mihi nui ki a koutou.





Thank you! Questions? Patai?



