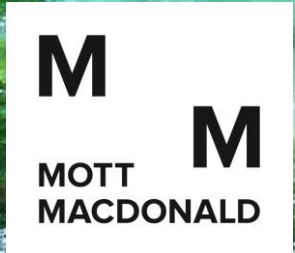
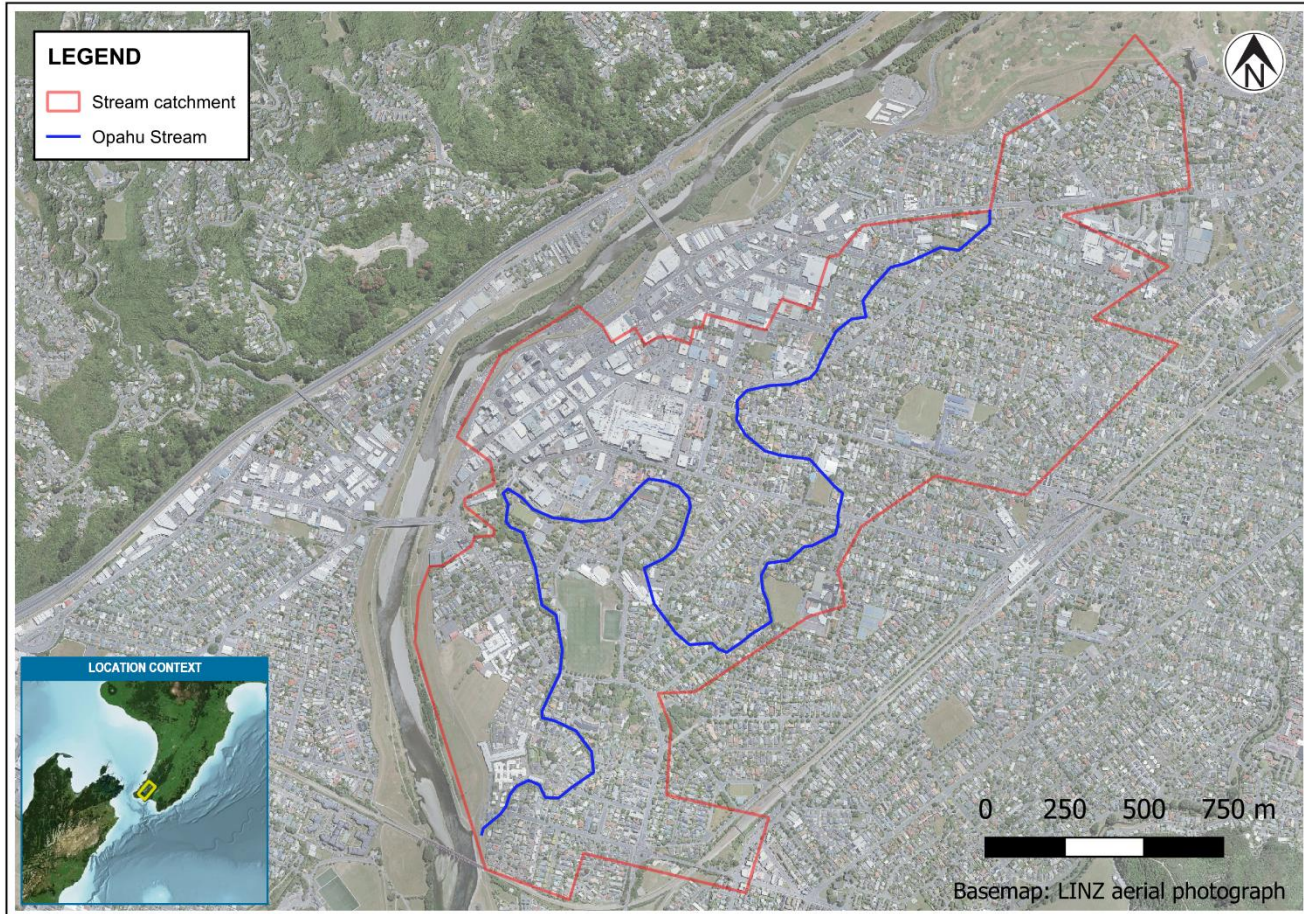


Water Infrastructure for Growth – Storming Ahead

M Hooker, F Yorston,
R Powell, H Edmond



Setting the scene



34,500+
new residents
by 2051

**50% of
pipes**
due for renewal
in next 30 years

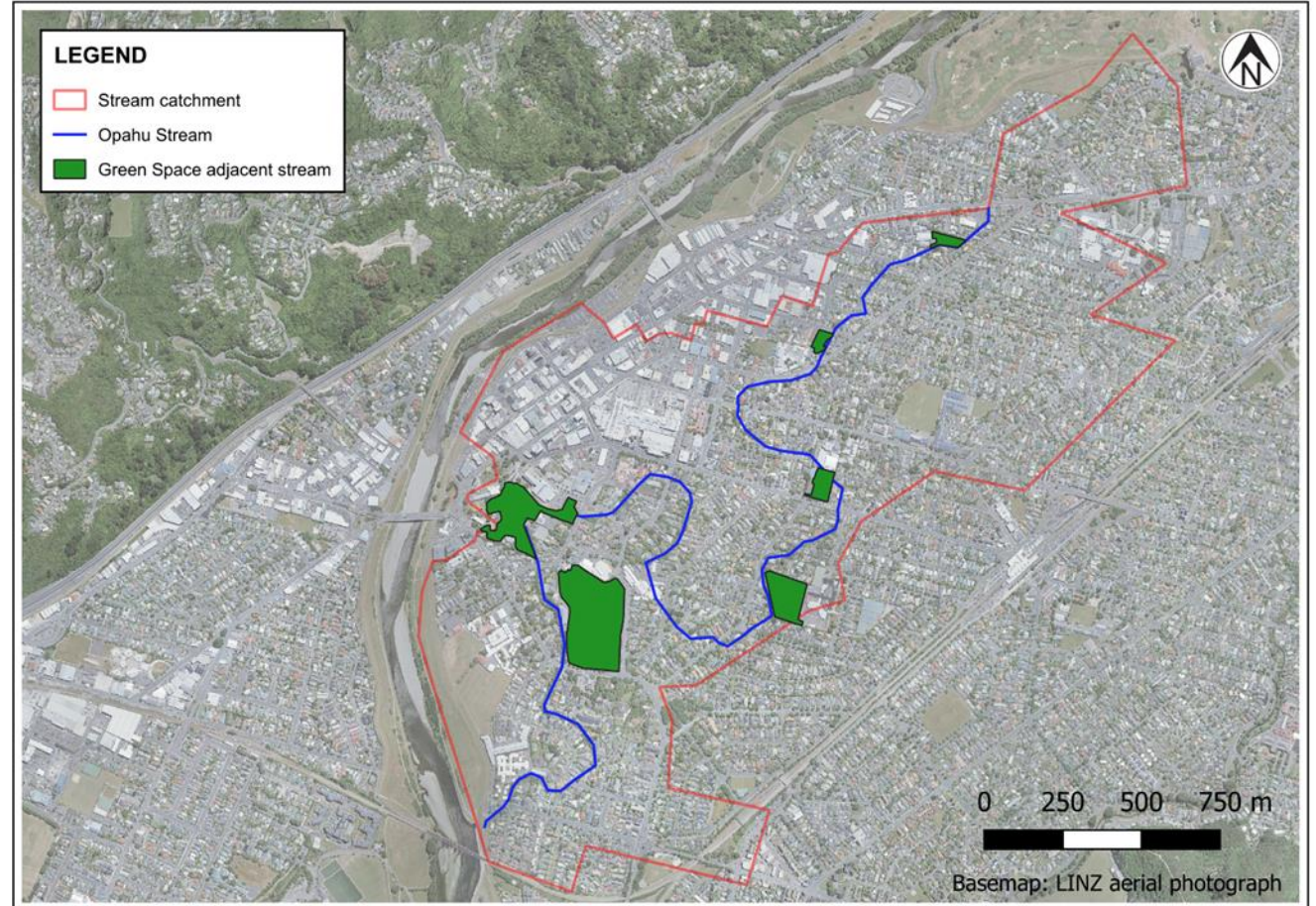
IAF
provides
funding for
infrastructure
to unlock
housing

Growth in a developed catchment

Industry familiar with:

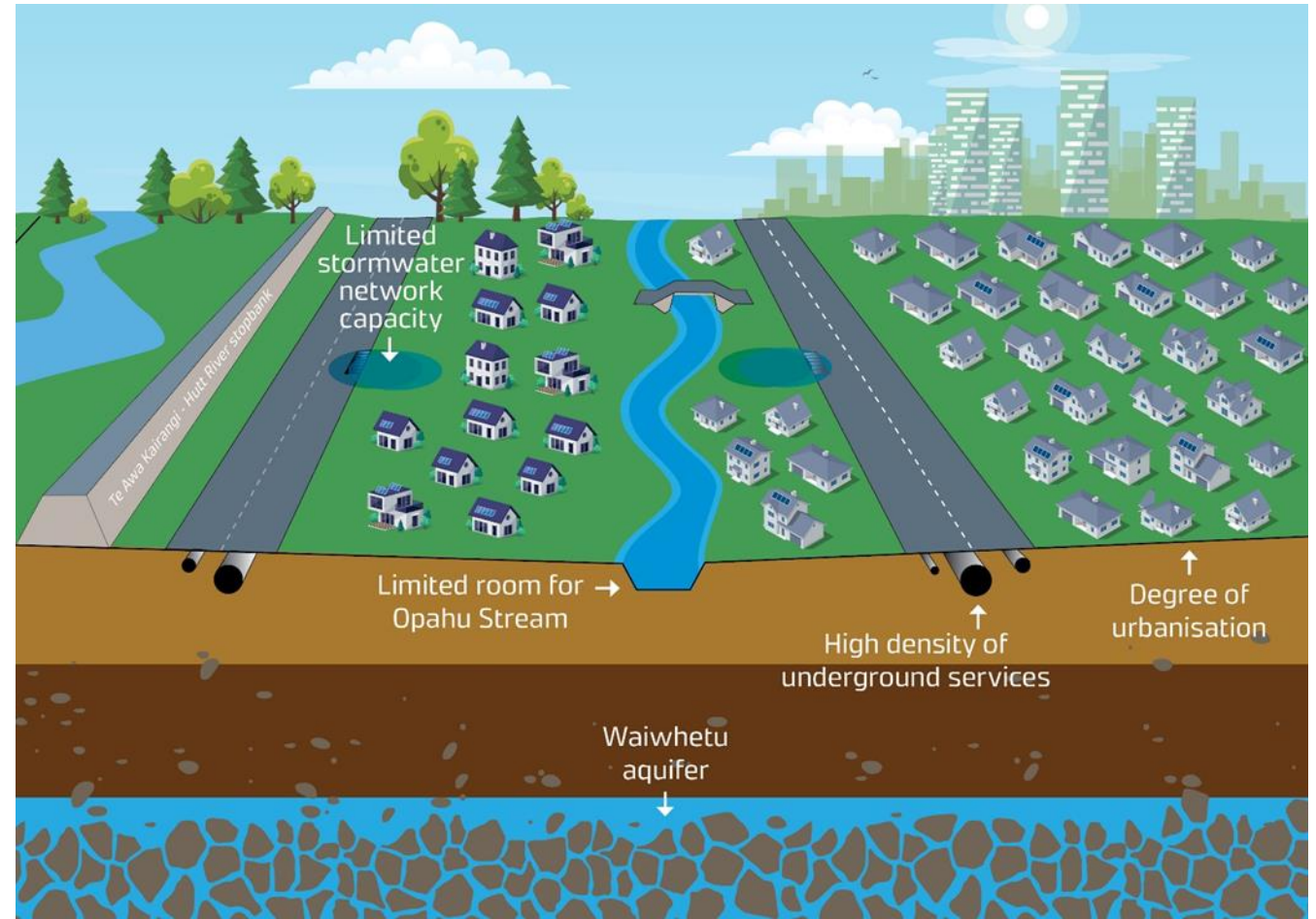
- Renewals aiming for LOS
- Masterplanning with fixed targets in fixed locations

Funding timing and future focus leads to an open-ended design philosophy.



Constraints

Physical constraints to stormwater runoff and solution provision are many.



Challenges

1. What is the problem we're trying to solve? How will we know when we've succeeded?
2. Shifting our mindset
3. Keeping it green

Future thinking – How might we better plan for future growth in developed constrained catchments?

Raye Powell - Should we?

Challenge 1

What is the problem we're trying to solve? How will we know when we've succeeded?

- Mind shift away from LOS to broadest impact for \$
- Design philosophy
- MCA



Regional Standard for Water Services

December 2021 Version 3.0



Our water, our future.



STANDARDS
NEW ZEALAND
PAEREWA AOTEAROA

New Zealand Standard

NZS 4404:2010
Incorporating Amendment No. 1

Land Development and Subdivision Infrastructure

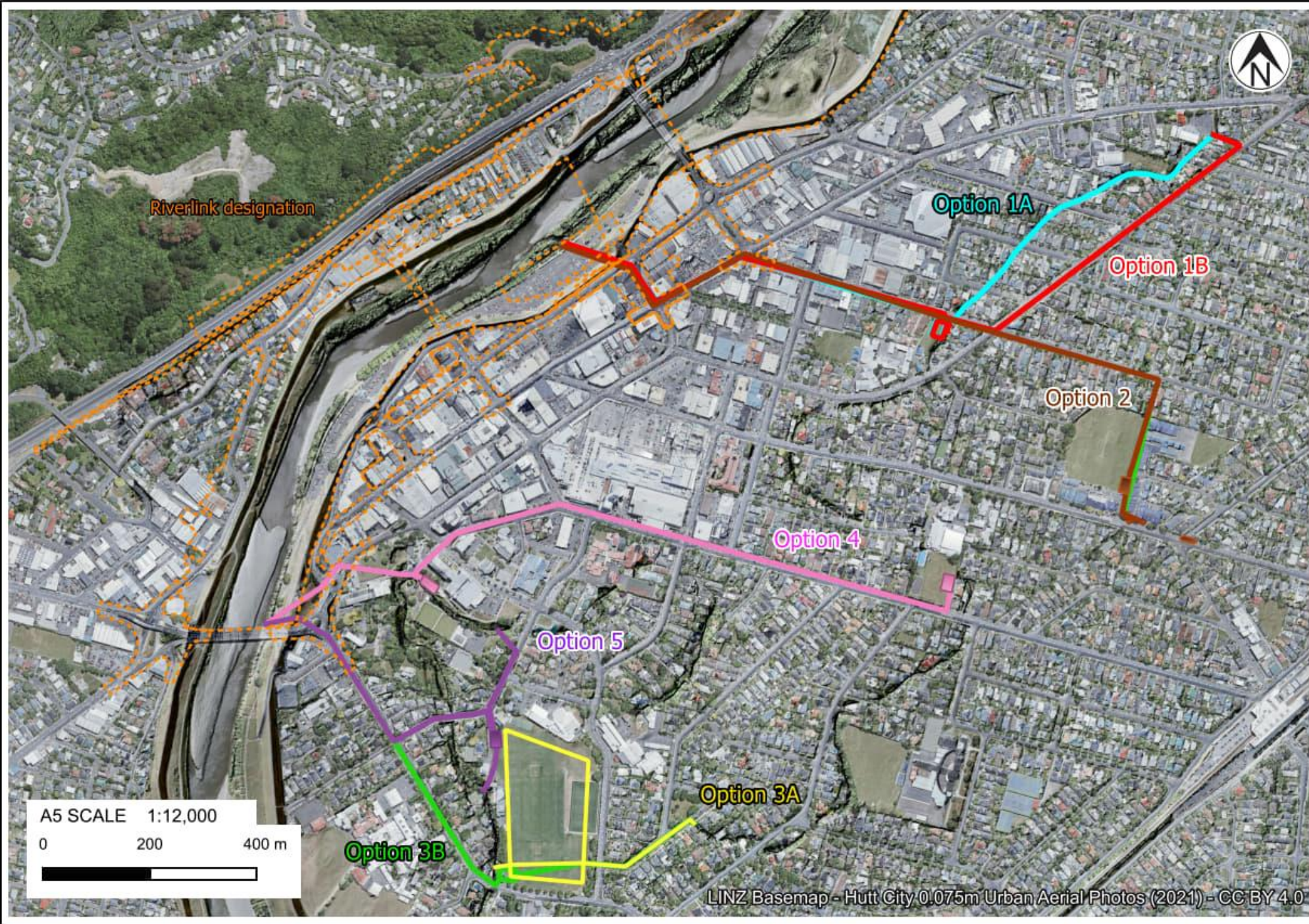
Superseding NZS 4404:2004



Challenge 1 ... continued

Challenge 1. What is the problem we're trying to solve? How will we know when we've succeeded?

- Mind shift away from LOS to broadest impact for \$
- Design philosophy
- MCA



Riverlink designation

Option 1A

Option 1B

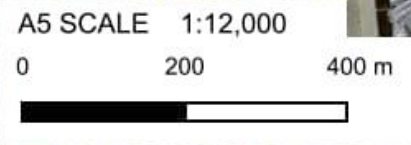
Option 2

Option 4

Option 5

Option 3A

Option 3B

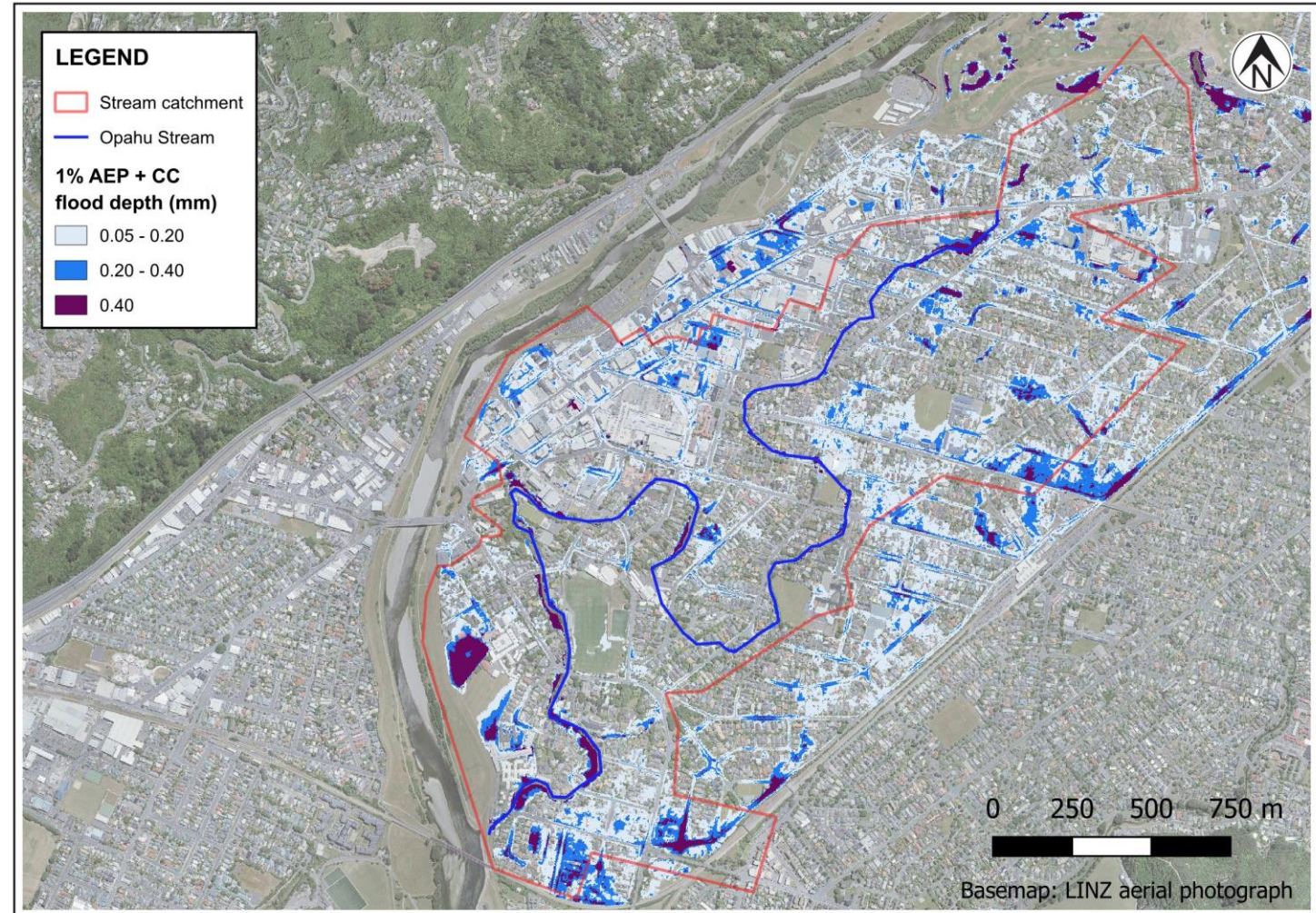


Challenge 2

Shifting our mindset

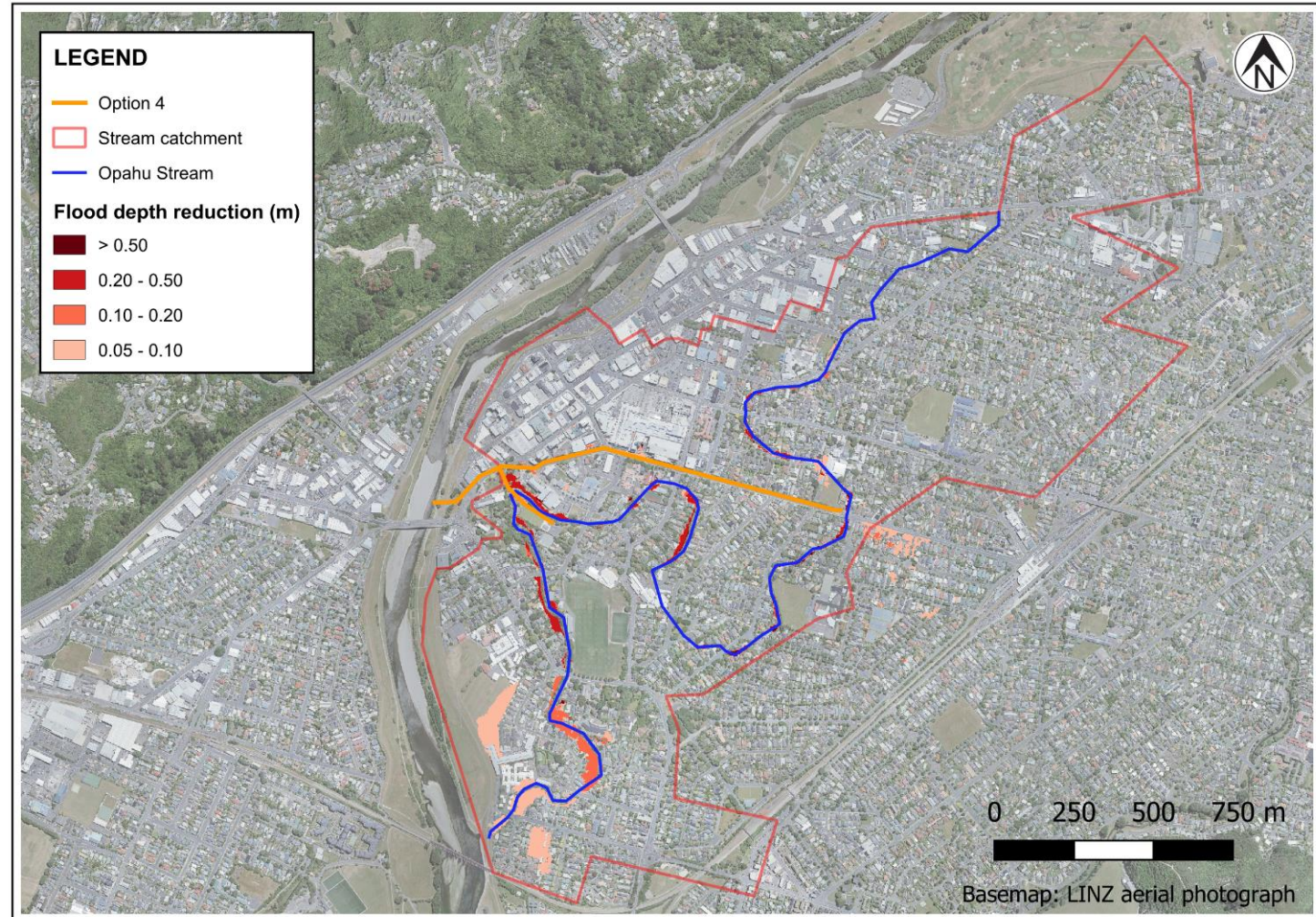
Challenge 2

- **Trigger: modelling didn't show the expected flooding reduction**



Challenge 2

- **Trigger: modelling didn't show the expected flooding reduction**



Challenge 2 ... continued

Challenge 2. Shifting our mindset

- Not just solving the problem you can see
- Intensification on the non-flooded land
- Improved trunk capacity combined with on-site detention

LEGEND

Option 1b

- Improved reach of Opahu stream
- Area of improved trunk capacity
- - - Opahu Stream
- HCC IAF Growth Area

Option 1b flooding reduction

in meters:



- Residential Parcels

Aerial Imagery Basemap (LINZ)

A5 SCALE 1:15,000

0 300 600 m



Option 1b
Area of improved trunk capacity
74.6 ha

Basemap: LINZ (CC-BY-4.0)

Challenge 3

Challenge 3. How do we keep it green?

Firstly, what do we mean?



Challenge 3

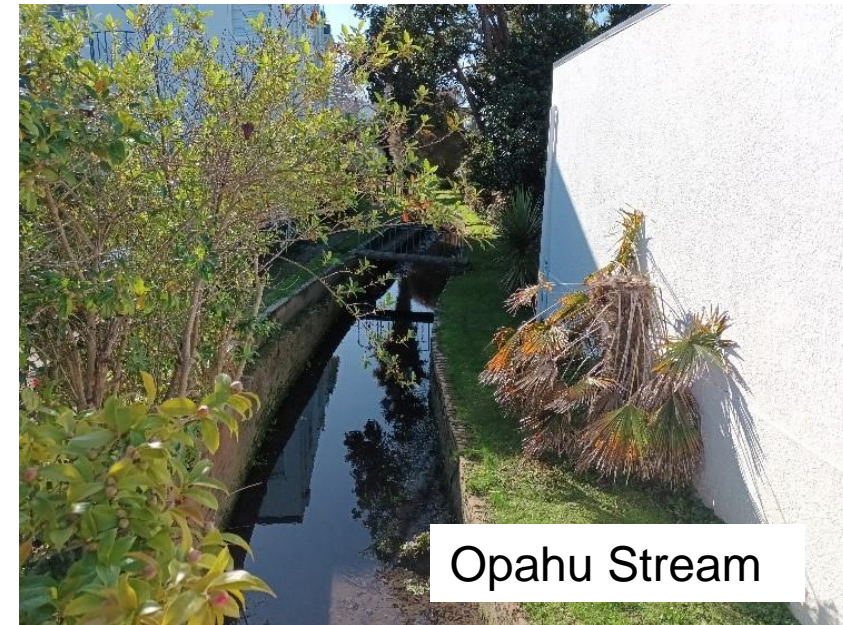
So how can we keep it green?

Well, here's some of the things we tried:

- Use parks, open areas, school playing fields for detention
- Redevelop streetscapes to retrofit swales and rain gardens
- Daylighting streams



Option 1A



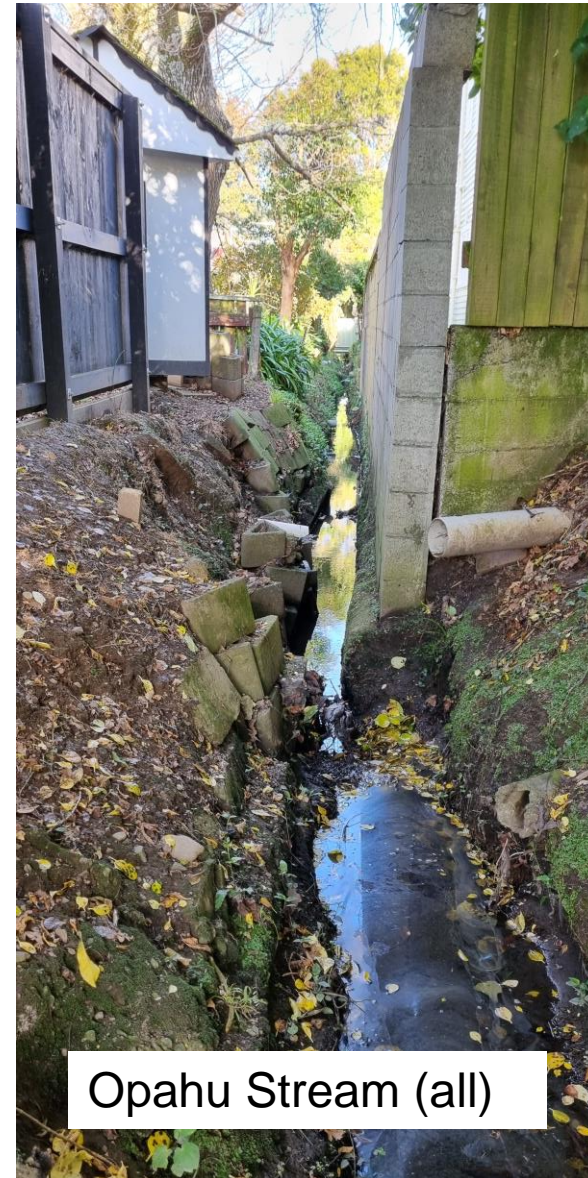
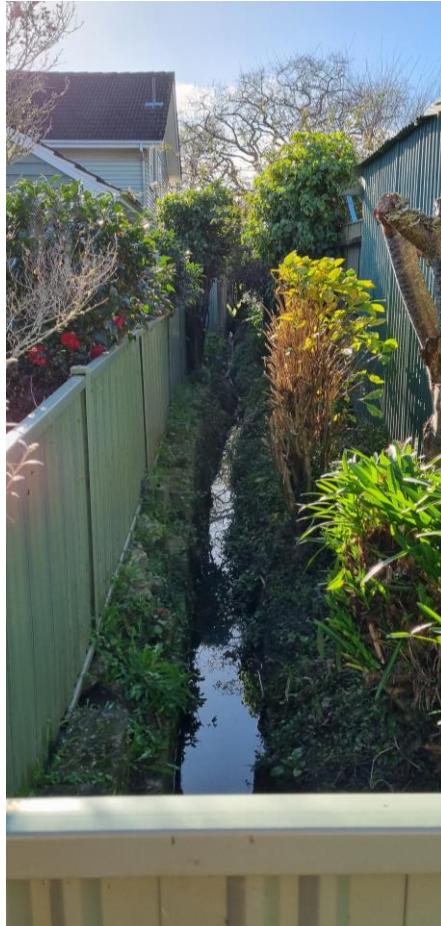
Opahu Stream

Challenge 3

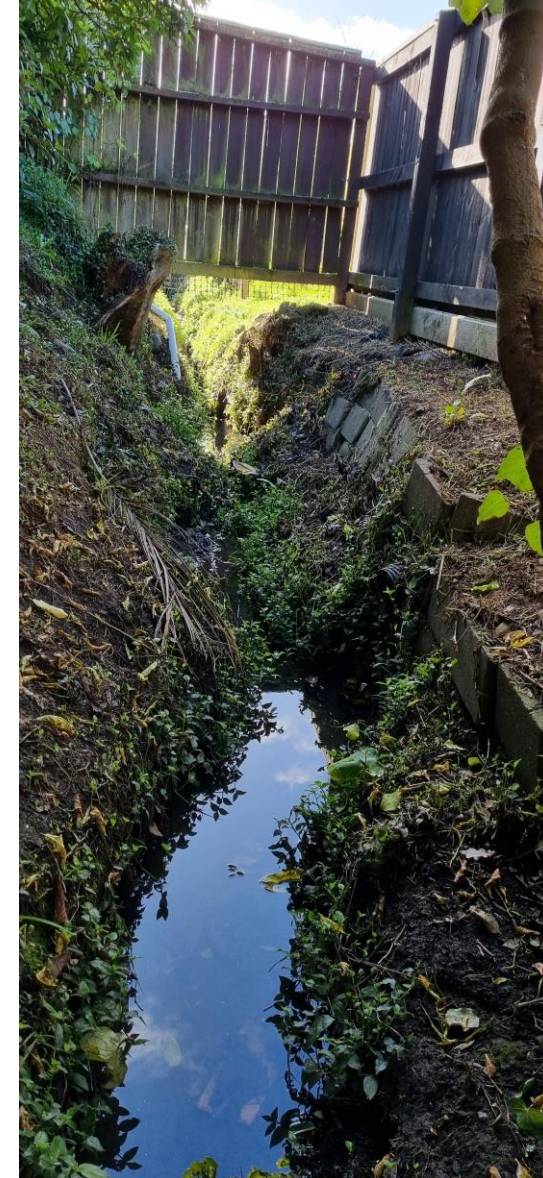
So how can we keep it green?

Well, here's some of the things we tried:

- Detention basins
- Localised benefit in terms of flooding reduction
- Redevelop streetscapes
- High cost, and requires trunk infrastructure upgrades
- Daylighting streams
- Highly disruptive to existing community.
- Long term commitment



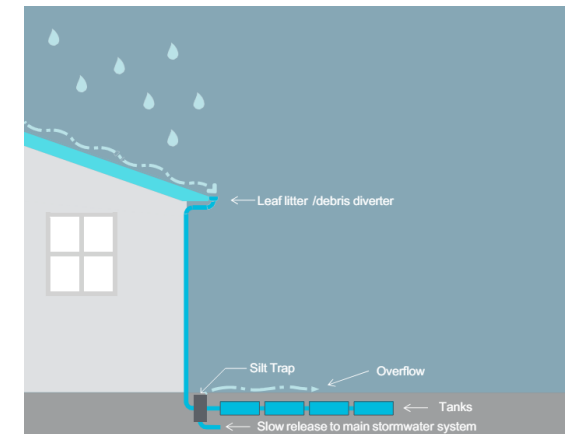
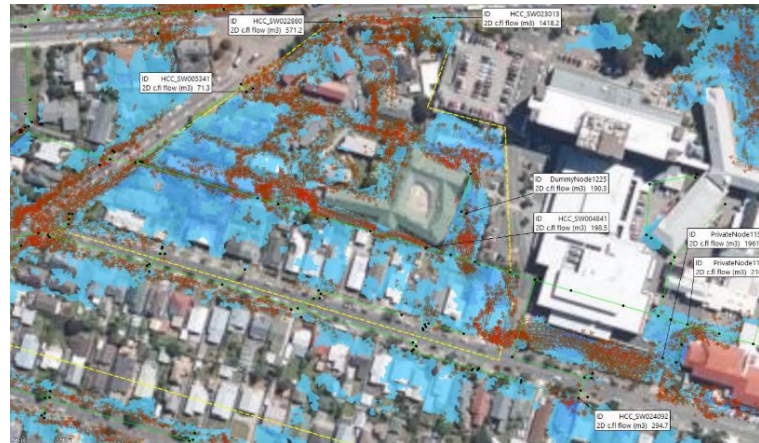
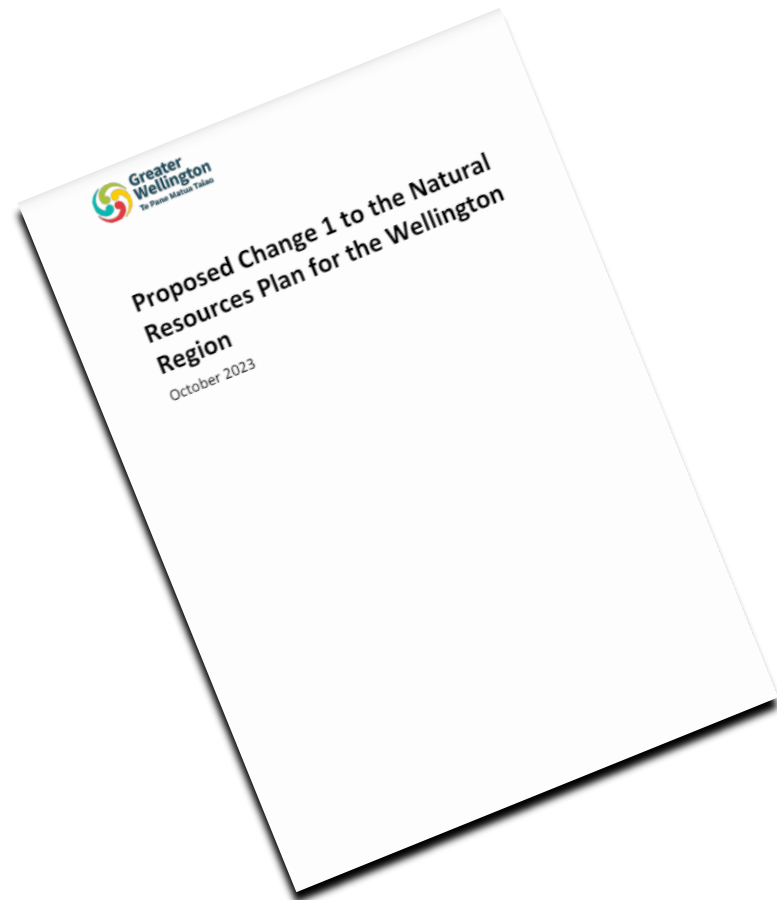
Opahu Stream (all)



Challenge 3

So how can we keep it green?

Some future thoughts:



The Eddy – Circling back



Thank you!

Questions? Patai?



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